Quiz 3

Stat 61

Due to Gradescope by 12:00AM Oct 28 *

Suppose we observe X_1, \ldots, X_n IID data points from an $\text{Exp}(1/\mu)$ distribution (i.e. the density of X_1 is $f(x_1; \theta) = \frac{1}{\mu} e^{-x_1/\mu}$ for $x_1 > 0$). You may use without proof that $E(X_1) = \mu$ and that

$$W = \frac{2n}{\mu} \bar{X} \sim \chi^2_{(2n)}.$$

(**Hint:** You may want to use R to help with quantile and/or probability calculations for a chi-squared RV. E.g. Type *?qchisq()* into the R command line for more info on how to use these functions.)

For Problems 1-2, suppose we observe a sample of size n = 5 and we are considering an $\alpha = 0.025$ level test of H_0 : $\mu = 100$.

1. Match the following alternative hypotheses to their corresponding power.

$H_1: \mu = \mu_1$	Power
$\mu_1 = 1$	0.03
$\mu_1 = 20$	0.91
$\mu_1 = 99$	1

2. What is the test statistic, $T(X_1, ..., X_n)$, and the rejection region, $A_{\alpha=0.025}$ for the uniformly most powerful test of $H_0: \mu = 100$ vs $H_1: \mu > 100$?

 $T(X_1,\ldots,X_n) =$

 $A_{\alpha=0.025} =$

3. For an arbitrary value of \bar{X} , give the expression for a 2-sided 95% confidence interval for μ . (You can earn **partial** credit by only finding a CI for $1/\mu$ instead.)

CI = _____

^{*}Submitting instructions: Upload a scanned, completed version of this page to Gradescope by the deadline. You should also upload additional pages that show your work as scanned PDFs. (Please do not put your name on any of these pages!) Any additional pages must be clearly labeled and display how you arrived at the answers on this page. You will not receive full credit for handing in solutions without any work or justification. Failure to follow these instructions will result in a grade penalty.